CWLS Annual Meeting: Child and Family Services Review (CFSR)

Purpose of the CFSR

1

Determine conformity with federal child welfare requirements

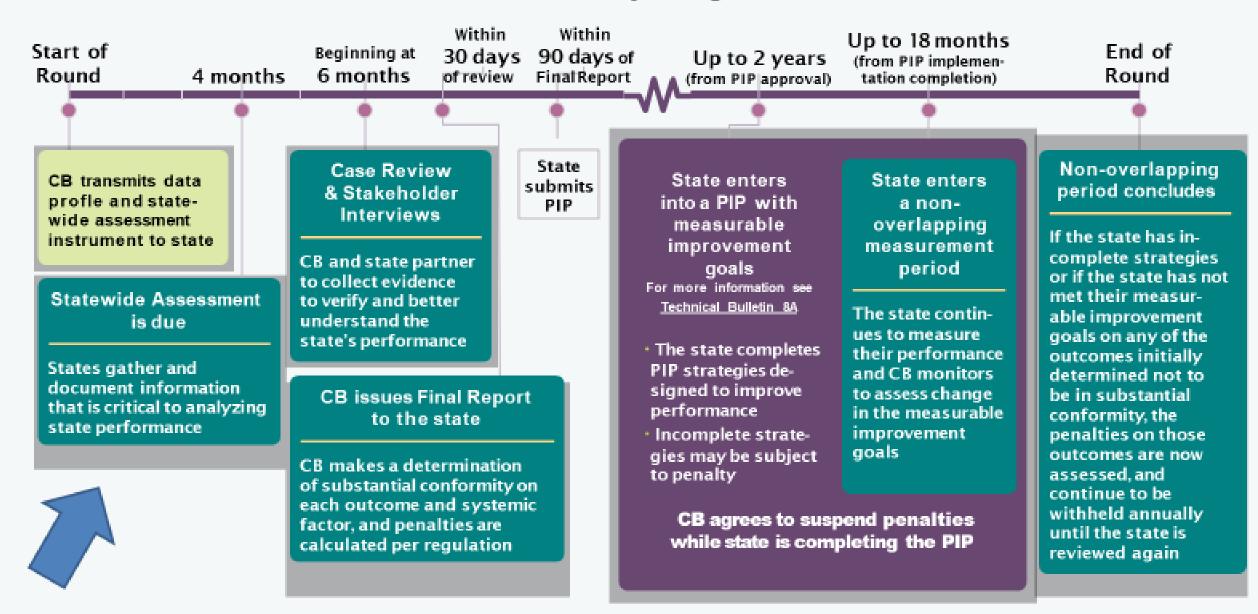
2

Learn about the experiences of children, youth, and families receiving child welfare services

3

Assist states in enhancing their capacity to help children and families achieve positive outcomes

CFSR Process As Defined By Regulation (45 CFR 1355.31-37)



CFSR Resources and Tools



https://www.cfsrportal.acf.hhs.gov/

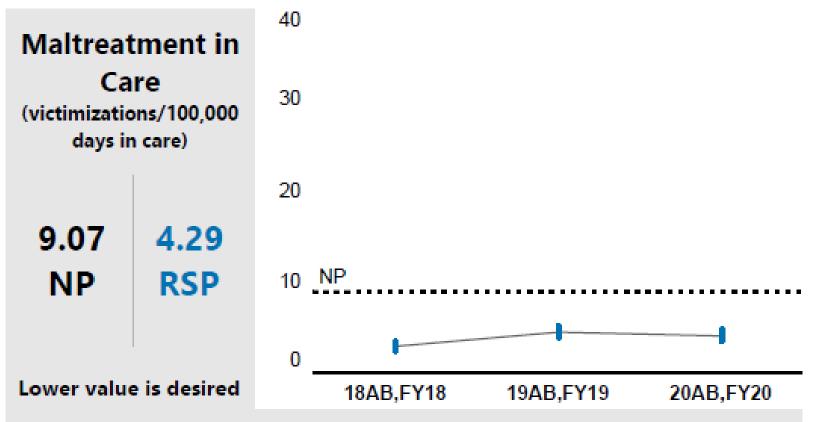
Review Components

States are assessed on:

- 18 Child and Family Outcomes
 - Safety, Permanency, and Well-Being
- 18 Systemic Factors
 - Statewide Information System, Case Review System, Staff and Provider Training, Quality Assurance System, Service Array and Resource Development, Agency Responsiveness to the Community, and Foster/Adoptive Parent Licensing, Recruitment, and Retention
- 7 Statewide Data Indicators

States are assessed on 7 Data Indicators

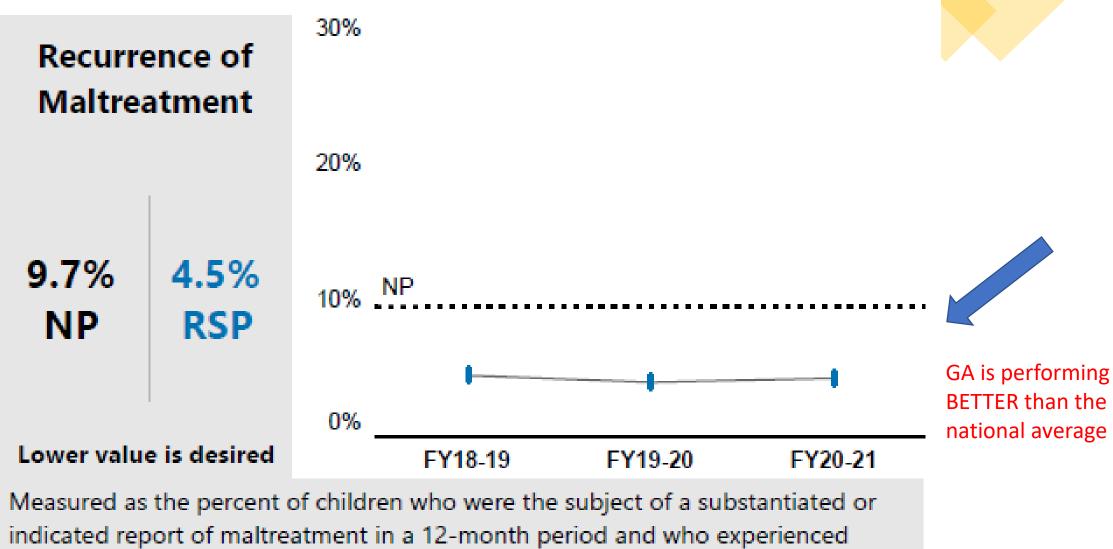
Indicator	Purpose
Permanency in 12 months (entries)	Measures whether permanency is achieved (through reunification, adoption, guardianship, or living with a relative) within 12 months of children entering foster care.
Permanency in 12 months (12–23 mos.)	Measures whether permanency is achieved if children have been in foster care for at least 12 months and not more than 23 months.
Permanency in 12 months (24+ mos.)	Measures whether permanency is achieved if children have been in foster care for at least 24 months.
Reentry to foster care	Measures whether children reenter foster care within 12 months of their discharge when permanency (excluding adoptions) was achieved within 12 months.
Placement stability	Measures whether children who the agency removes from their homes experience stability while they are in foster care.
Maltreatment in care	Measures whether children experience abuse or neglect while in the state child welfare system's placement and care responsibility.
Recurrence of maltreatment	Measures whether children who were the subject of a substantiated or indicated report of maltreatment experience subsequent maltreatment.



GA is performing BETTER than the

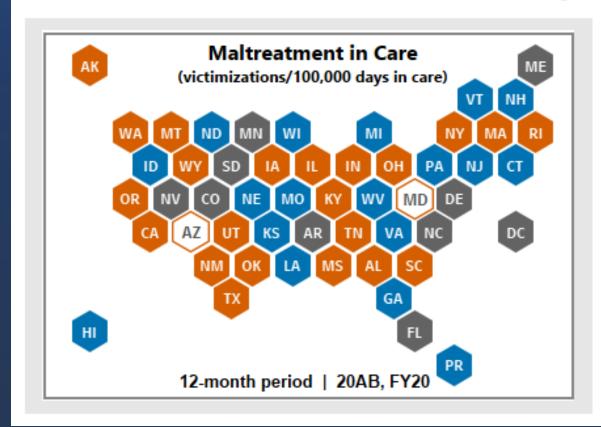
national average

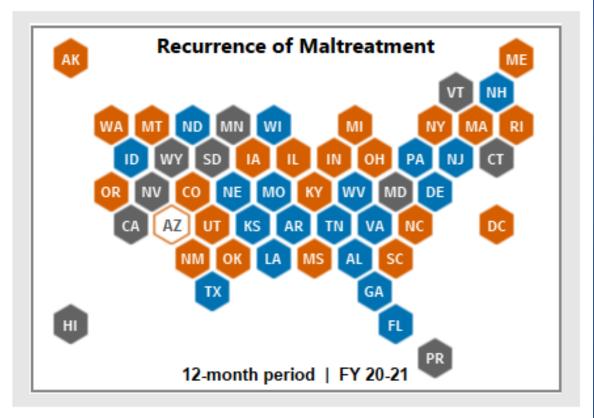
Measured as the rate of abuse or neglect per days in foster care in a 12-month period that children experienced while under the state's placement and care responsibility

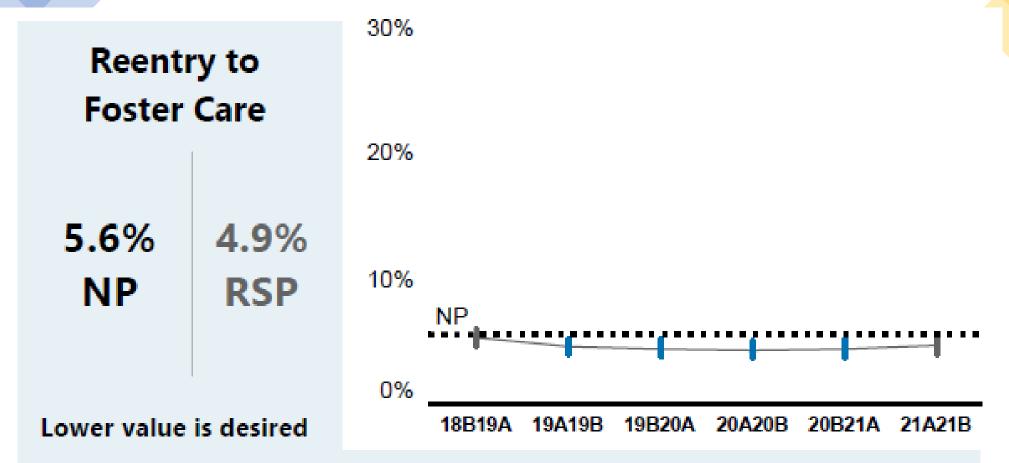


subsequent maltreatment within 12 months of the initial victimization

Safety Outcomes



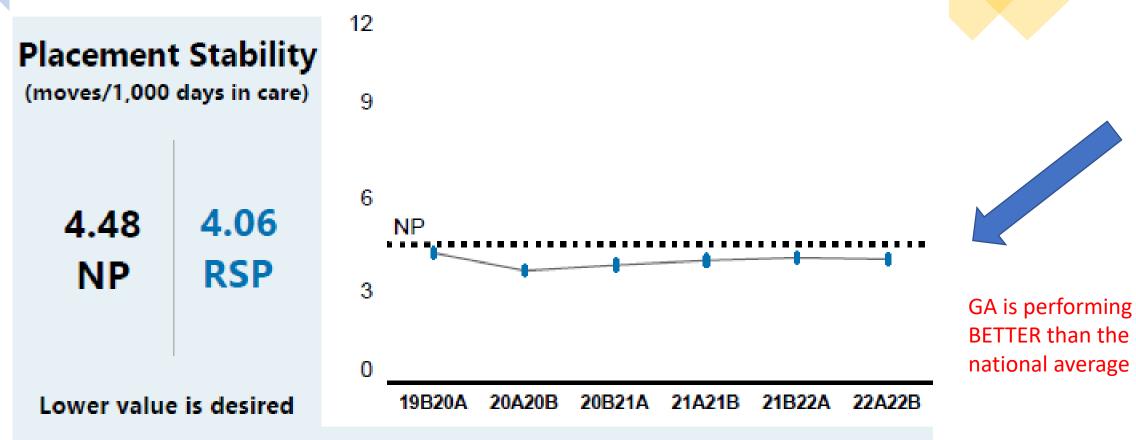




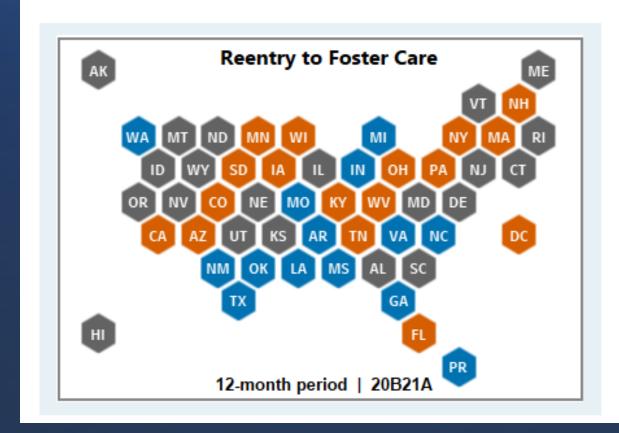
Among children who discharged to permanency (excluding adoption) in a 12-month period, the percent who reentered care within 12 months of exit

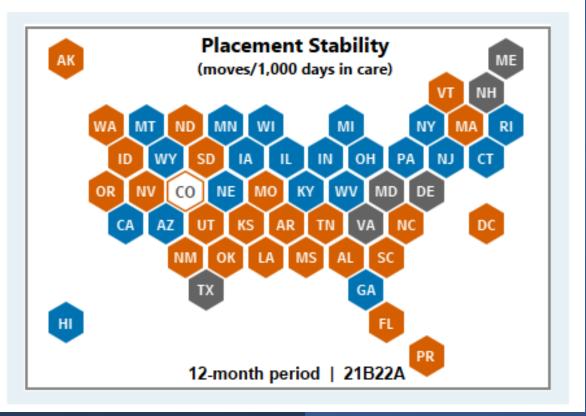


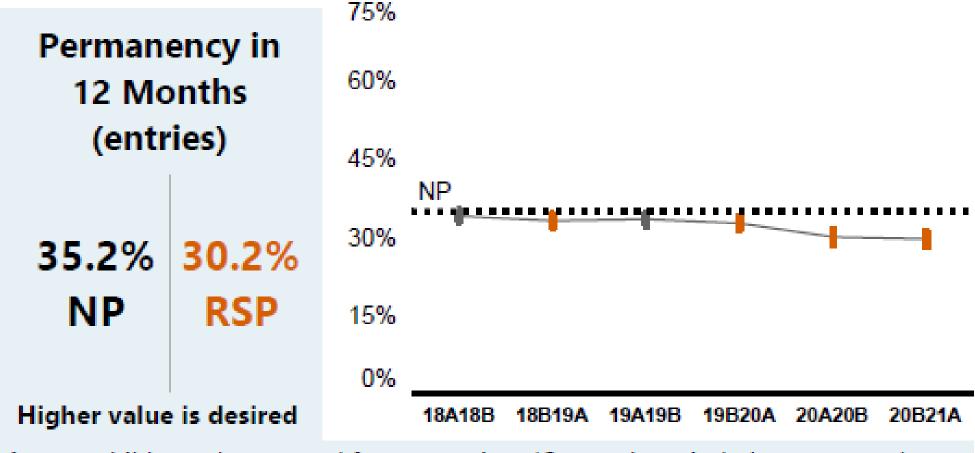
GA is performing ABOUT THE SAME as the national average



Among children who entered care in a 12-month period, the number of placement moves per day they experienced during that year





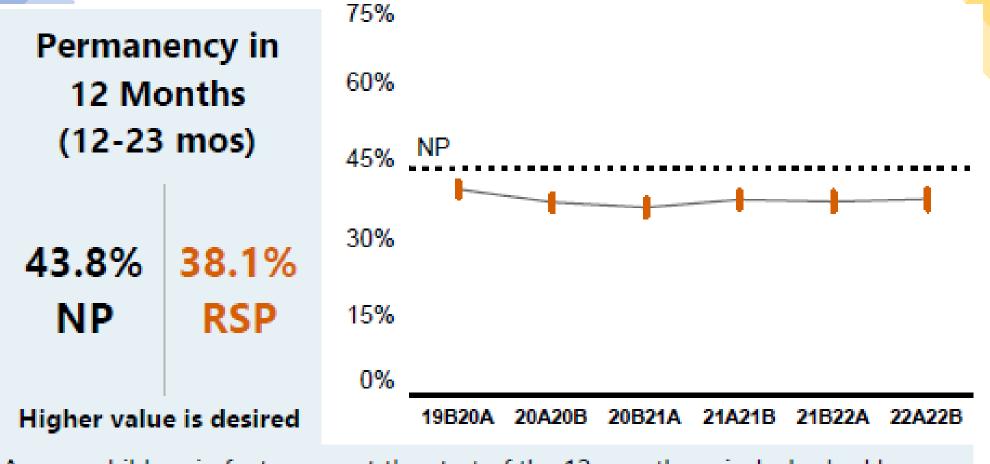


GA is performing

WORSE than the

national average

Among children who entered foster care in a 12-month period, the percent who exited foster care to reunification, adoption, guardianship, or living with a relative within 12 months of their entry

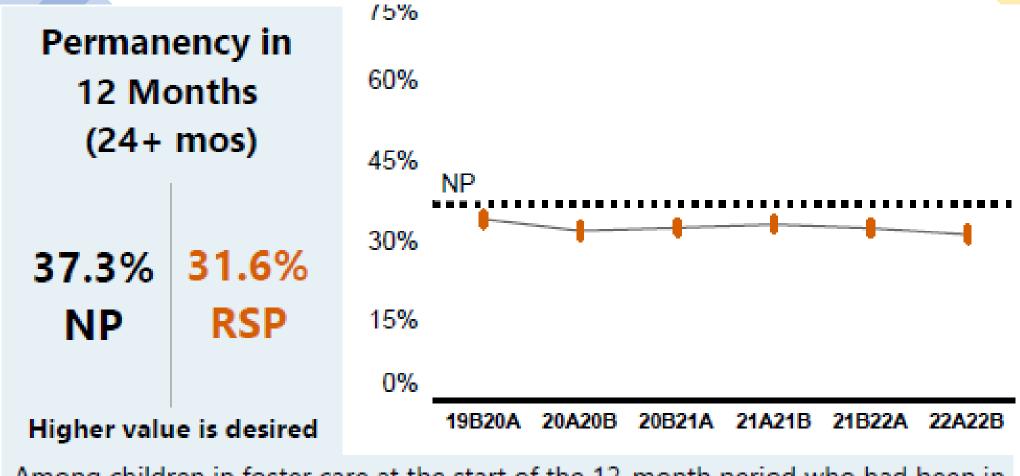


GA is performing

WORSE than the

national average

Among children in foster care at the start of the 12-month period who had been in care for 12 to 23 months, the percent who exited to permanency in the subsequent 12 months



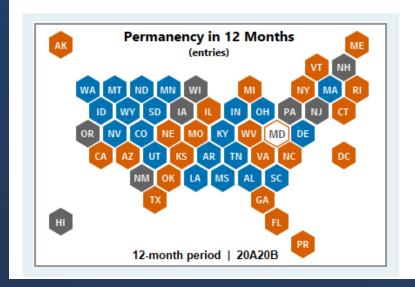
GA is performing

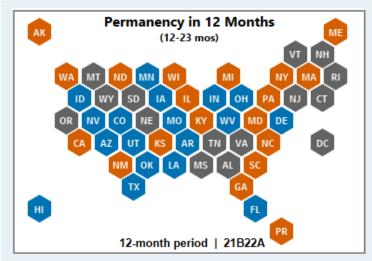
WORSE than the

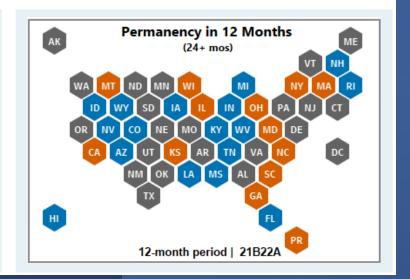
national average

Among children in foster care at the start of the 12-month period who had been in care 24 months or more, the percent who exited to permanency in the subsequent 12 months

Permanency Outcomes







Barriers to Success?

Strategies for Improvement?



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